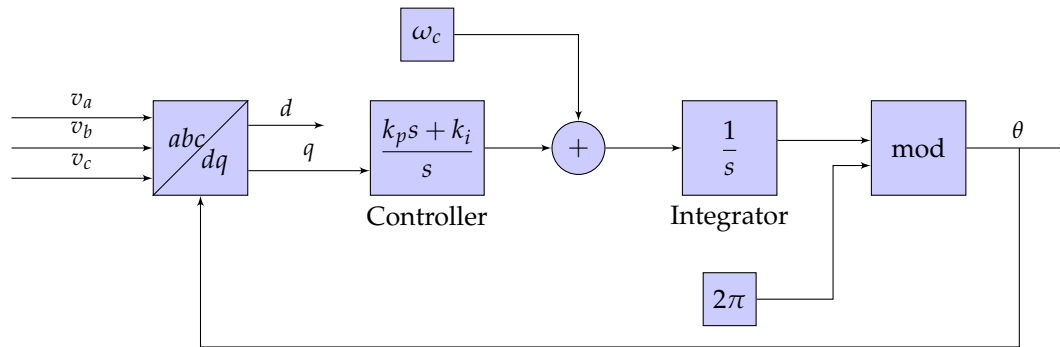


DIGITAL CONTROL OF POWER ELECTRONICS

Three Phase PLL Part 1



$$v_a = V_g \sin(\omega t) \quad (1)$$

$$v_b = V_g \sin(\omega t - 2\pi/3) \quad (2)$$

$$v_c = V_g \sin(\omega t - 4\pi/3) \quad (3)$$

The abc to dq transform is defined below

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_d \\ v_q \end{bmatrix} = \frac{2}{3} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & \cos(\theta - 2\pi/3) & \cos(\theta + 2\pi/3) \\ -\sin(\theta) & -\sin(\theta - 2\pi/3) & -\sin(\theta + 2\pi/3) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_a \\ v_b \\ v_c \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

Assume the input voltages are as follows

The controller is designed to drive the q component to zero, thus aligning the phase θ with the peak of the phase a voltage. The controller is a PI controller shown below

$$G_c(s) = \frac{k_p s + k_i}{s} \quad (5)$$

The output of the controller is the actuation signal and it is added to the center frequency ω_c . The output of the sum block is the frequency in radians and is integrated to obtain the angle θ .

The output of the integrator and the constant 2π is passed to a modulo operation. The output of the mod block properly wraps the angle θ and maintains it between 0 and 2π .

The open loop transfer function is

$$G_{OL}(s) = V_g \frac{k_p s + k_i}{s} \frac{1}{s} \quad (6)$$

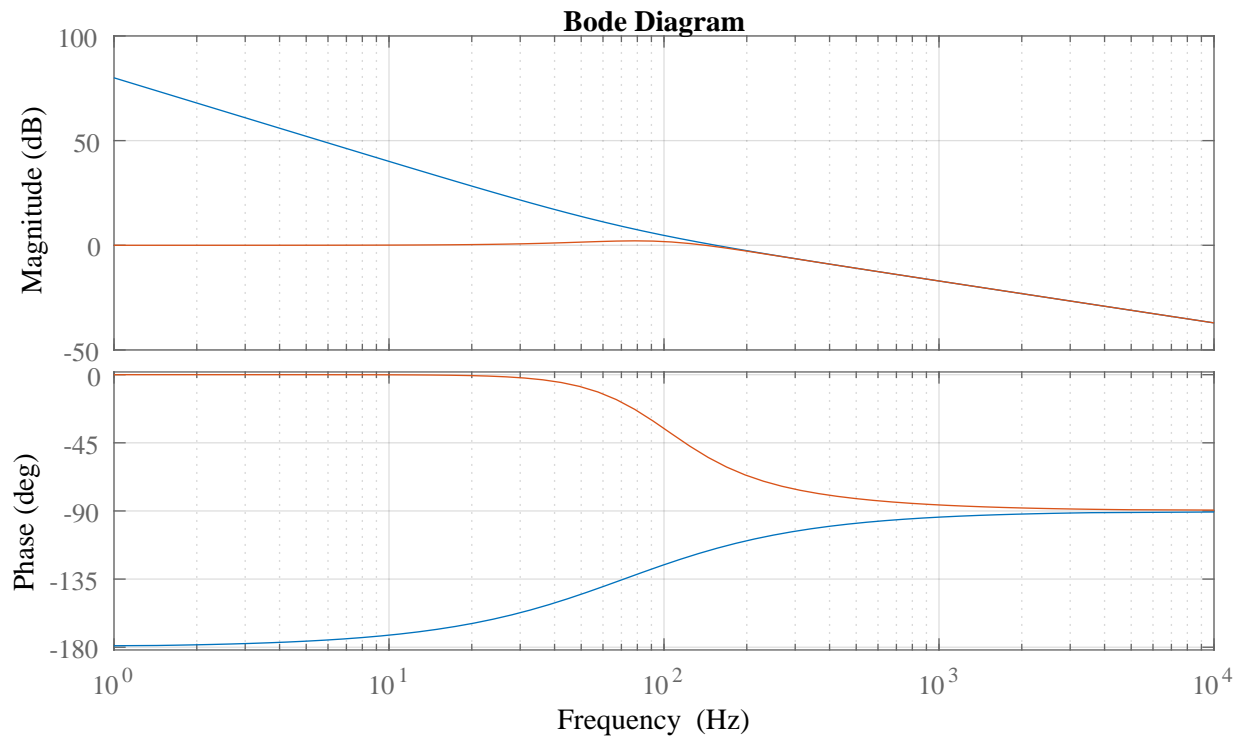
$$G_{CL}(s) = \frac{V_g (k_p s + k_i)}{s^2 + V_g k_p s + V_g k_i} \quad (7)$$

$$\omega_n = \sqrt{V_g k_i} \quad (8)$$

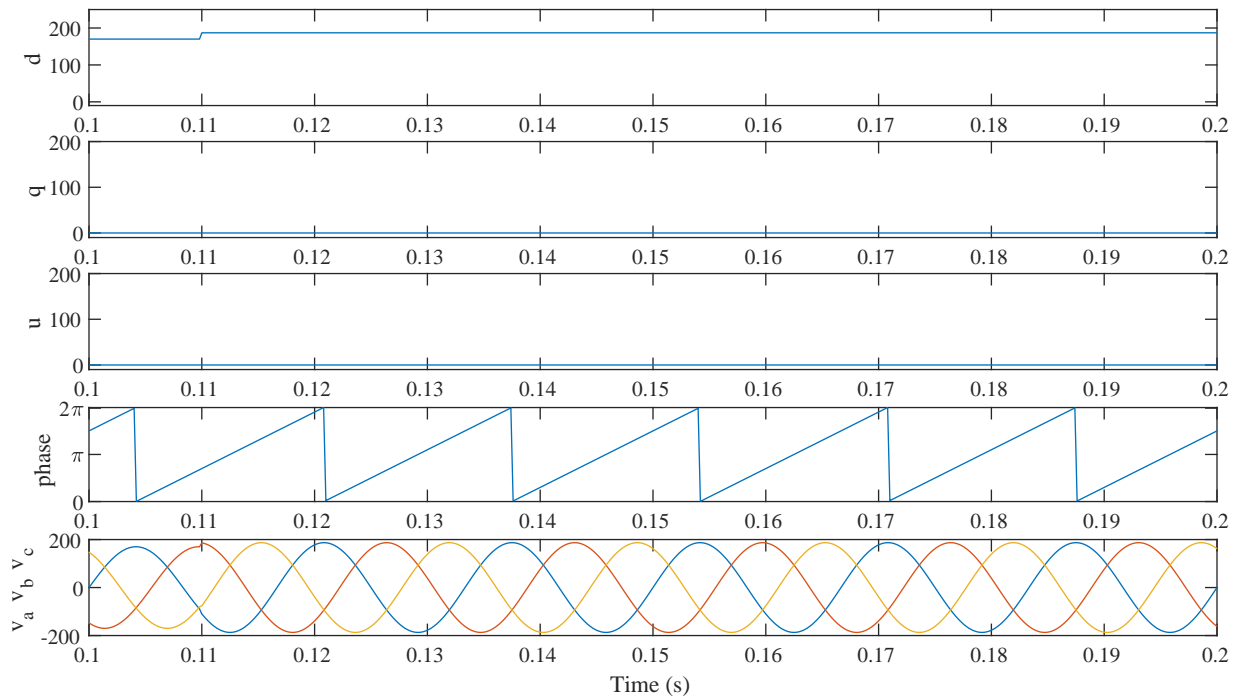
$$\zeta = \frac{V_g k_p}{2\sqrt{V_g k_i}} \quad (9)$$

Lets design the control loop for a damping ratio of $\zeta = 0.7$ and natural frequency of 100Hz assuming the grid voltage is 170.

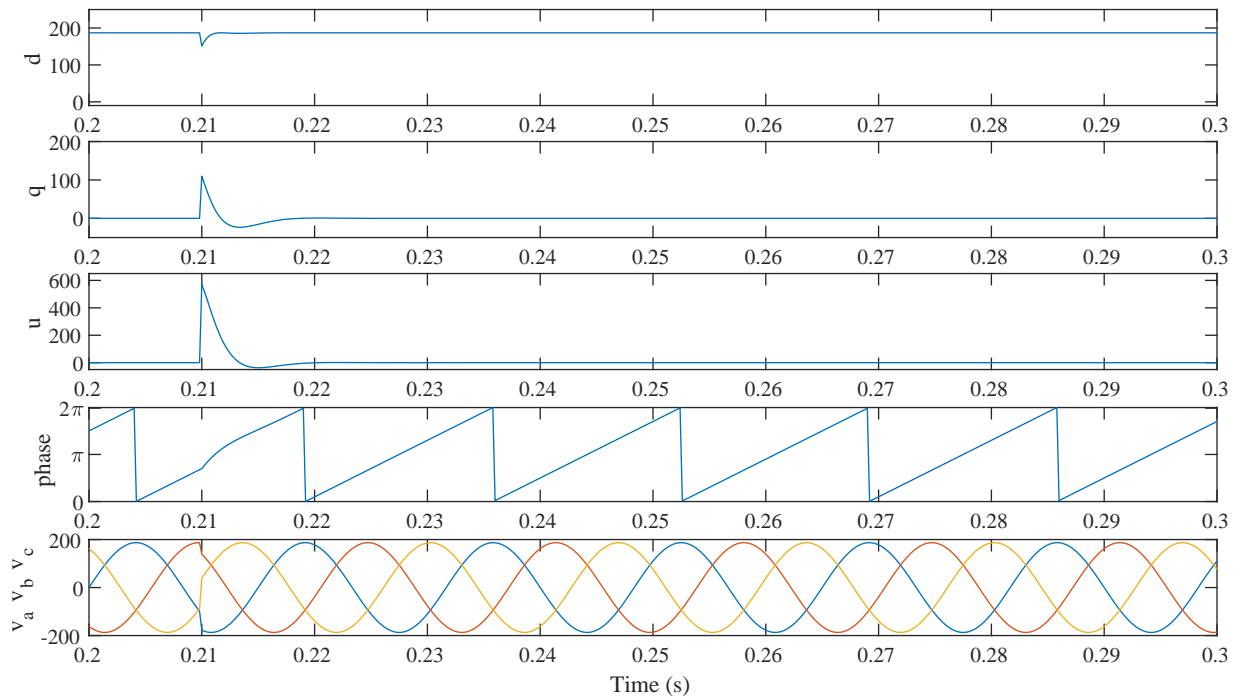
$$k_i = 2322.3 \quad k_p = 5.1744 \quad (10)$$



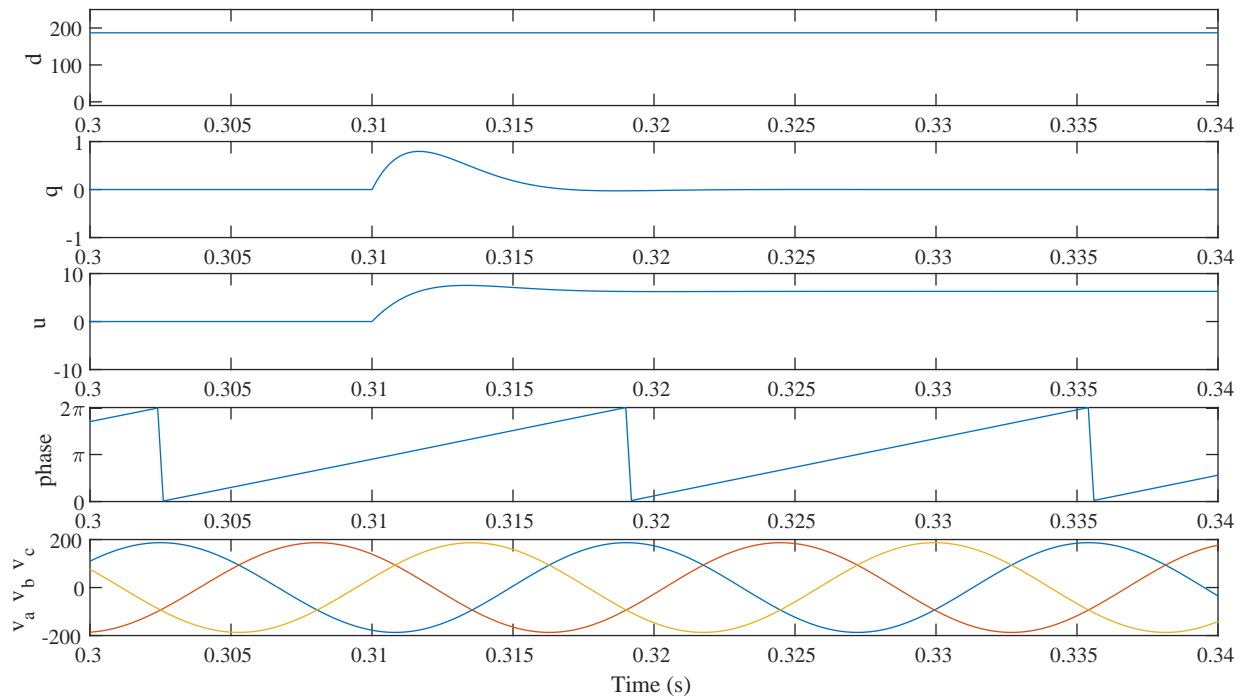
Show below is the d component, q component, control effort u, phase, and the line voltages in response to a voltage step of 17 volts at time 0.11.



Show below is the d component, q component, control effort u, phase, and the line voltages in response to a phase step of 0.6283 radians at time 0.21.



Show below is the d component, q component, control effort u, phase, and the line voltages in response to a frequency step of 1Hz at time 0.31.



Show below is the d component, q component, control effort u, phase, and the line voltages in response to a 10% voltage unbalance step at time 0.35.

