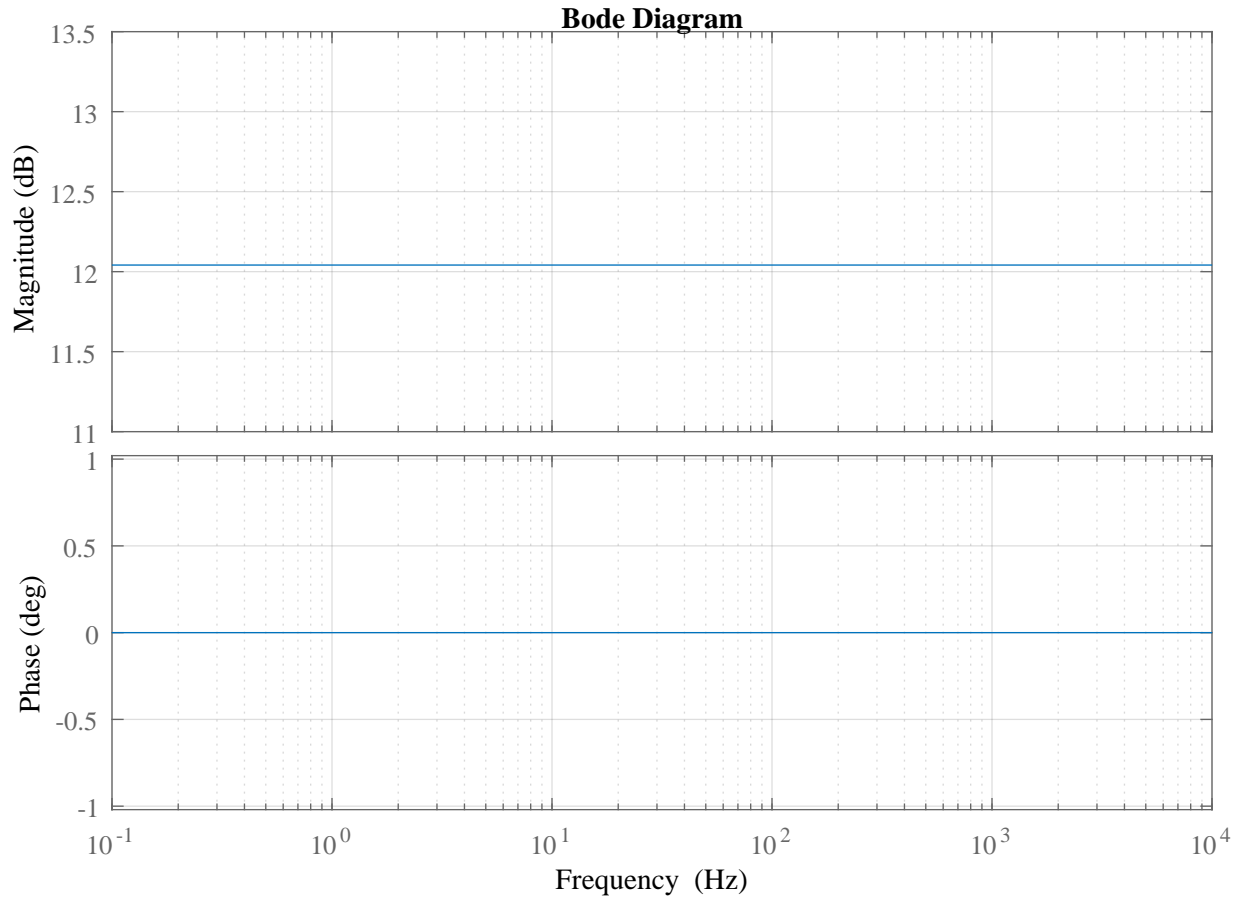


DIGITAL CONTROL OF POWER ELECTRONICS

Intro to Continuous Control Part 2

$$H(s) = 4 \tag{1}$$

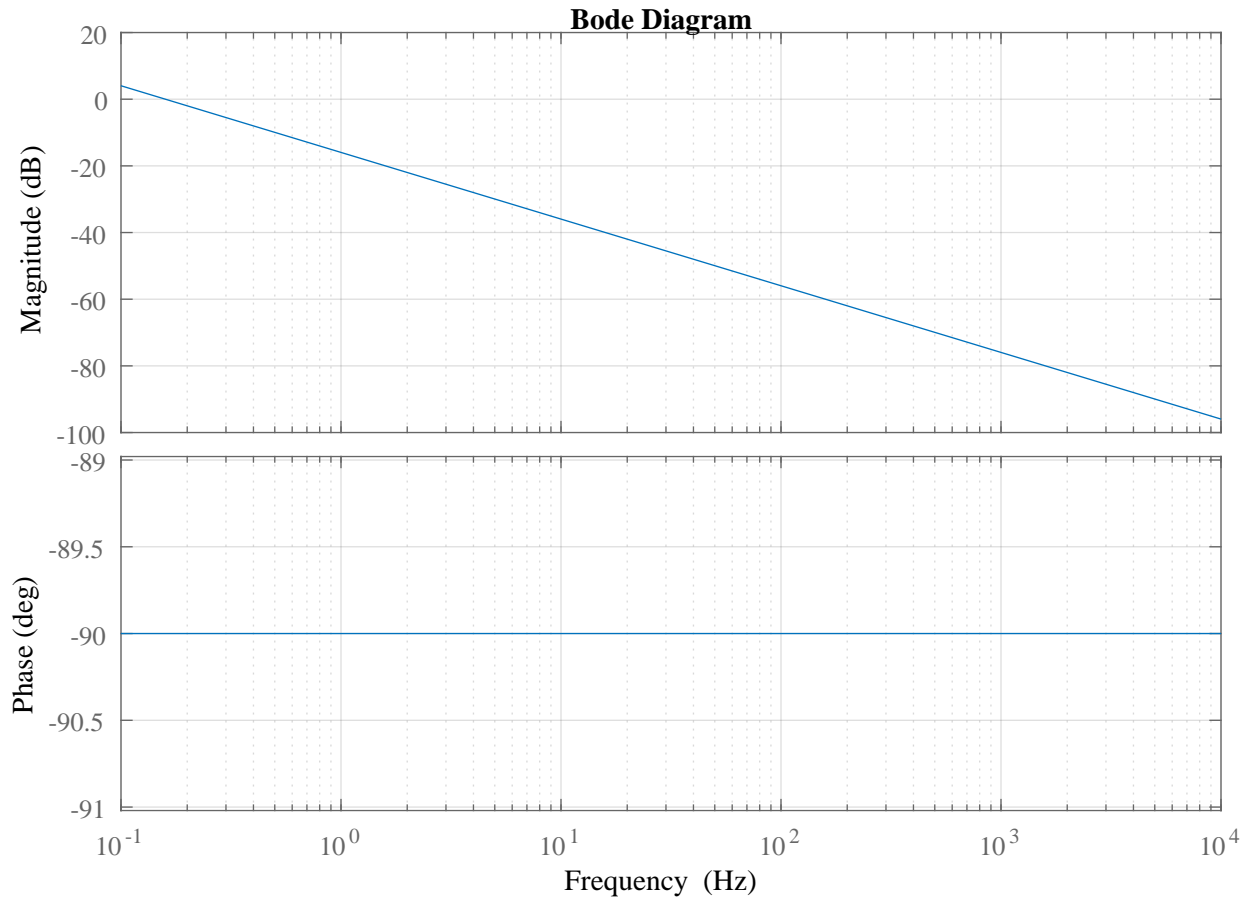


Below is a transfer function for an integrator.

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s} \quad (2)$$

$$|H(s)| = |H(j\omega)| = \left| \frac{1}{j\omega} \right| = \frac{1}{\omega} \quad (3)$$

$$\angle H(s) = \angle H(j\omega) = \angle \left(\frac{1}{j\omega} \right) = \angle \left(\frac{-j}{\omega} \right) = -90^\circ \quad (4)$$



Shown below is a transfer function for a zero.

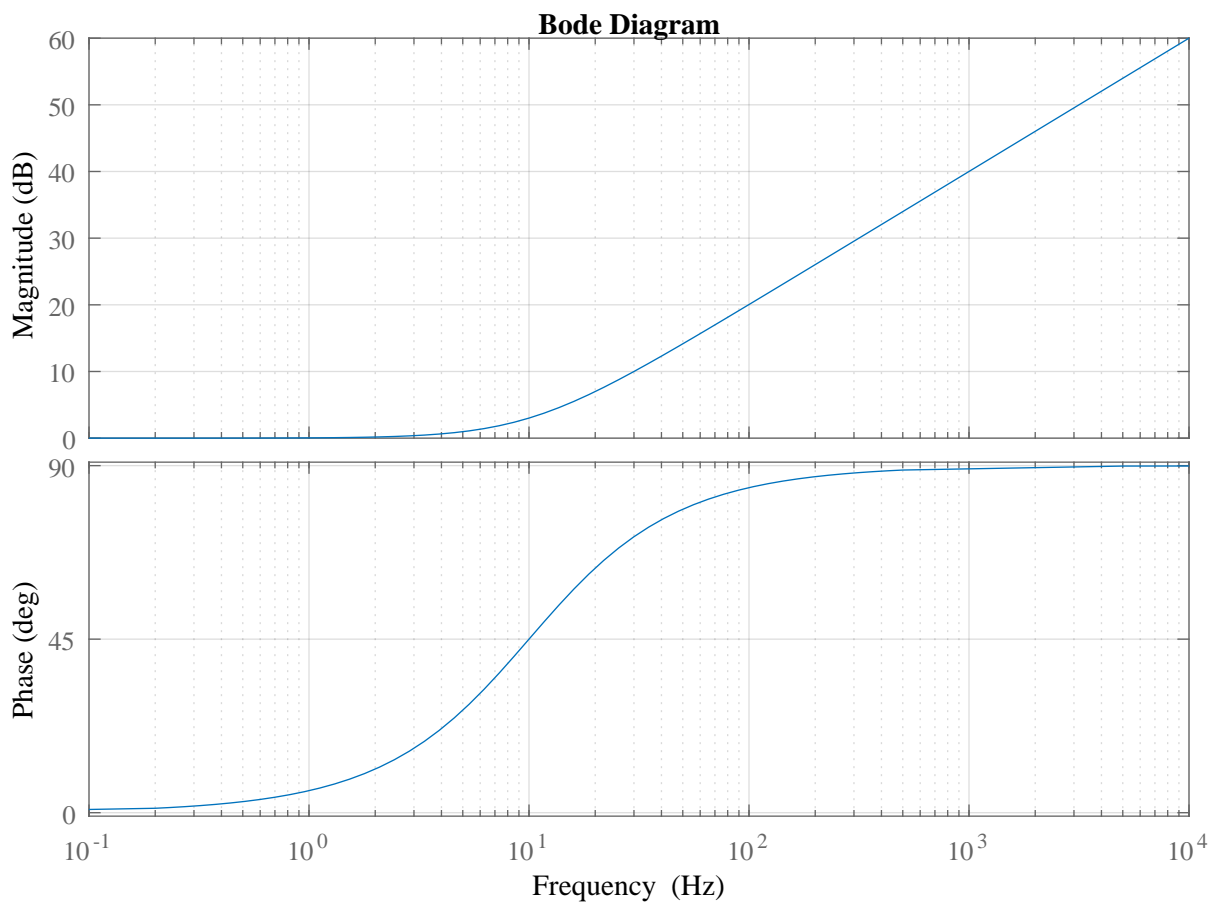
$$H(s) = \left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_z}\right) = \left(1 + \frac{s}{62.8319}\right) \quad (5)$$

Calculate gain of transfer function

$$|H(s)| = |H(j\omega)| = \left|1 + \frac{j\omega}{\omega_z}\right| = \sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_z}\right)^2} = \sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{\omega}{62.8319}\right)^2} \quad (6)$$

Calculate phase of transfer function

$$\angle H(s) = \angle H(j\omega) = \angle \left(1 + \frac{j\omega}{\omega_z}\right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_z}\right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{62.8319}\right) \quad (7)$$



Shown below is a transfer function for a pole.

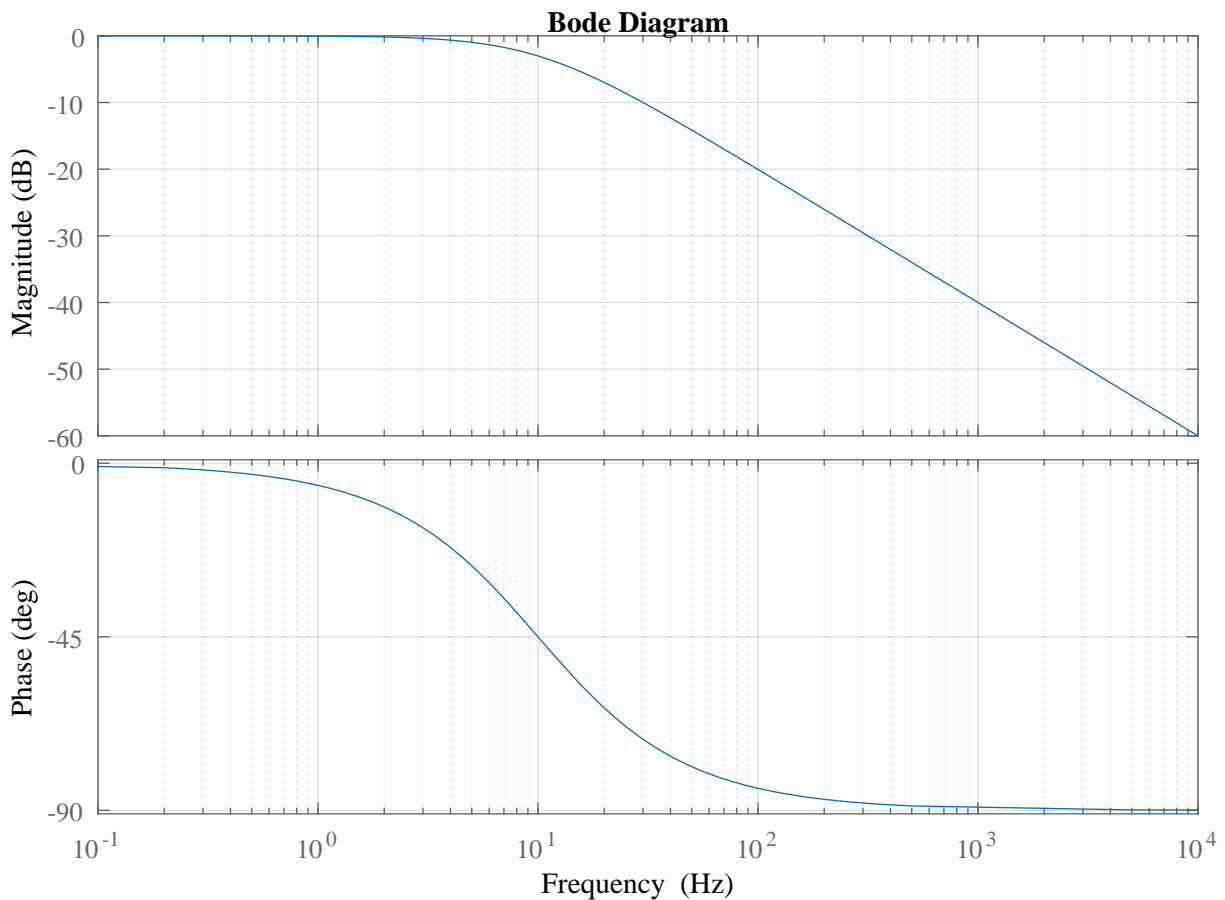
$$H(s) = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{\omega_p}\right)} = \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{s}{62.8319}\right)} \quad (8)$$

Calculate gain of transfer function

$$|H(s)| = |H(j\omega)| = \left| \frac{1}{1 + \frac{j\omega}{\omega_p}} \right| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_p}\right)^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1^2 + \left(\frac{\omega}{62.8319}\right)^2}} \quad (9)$$

Calculate phase of transfer function

$$\angle H(s) = \angle H(j\omega) = \angle \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{j\omega}{\omega_p}} \right) = \angle \left(\frac{1 - \frac{j\omega}{\omega_p}}{1 + \frac{\omega^2}{\omega_p^2}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(-\frac{\omega}{\omega_p} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(-\frac{\omega}{62.8319} \right) \quad (10)$$

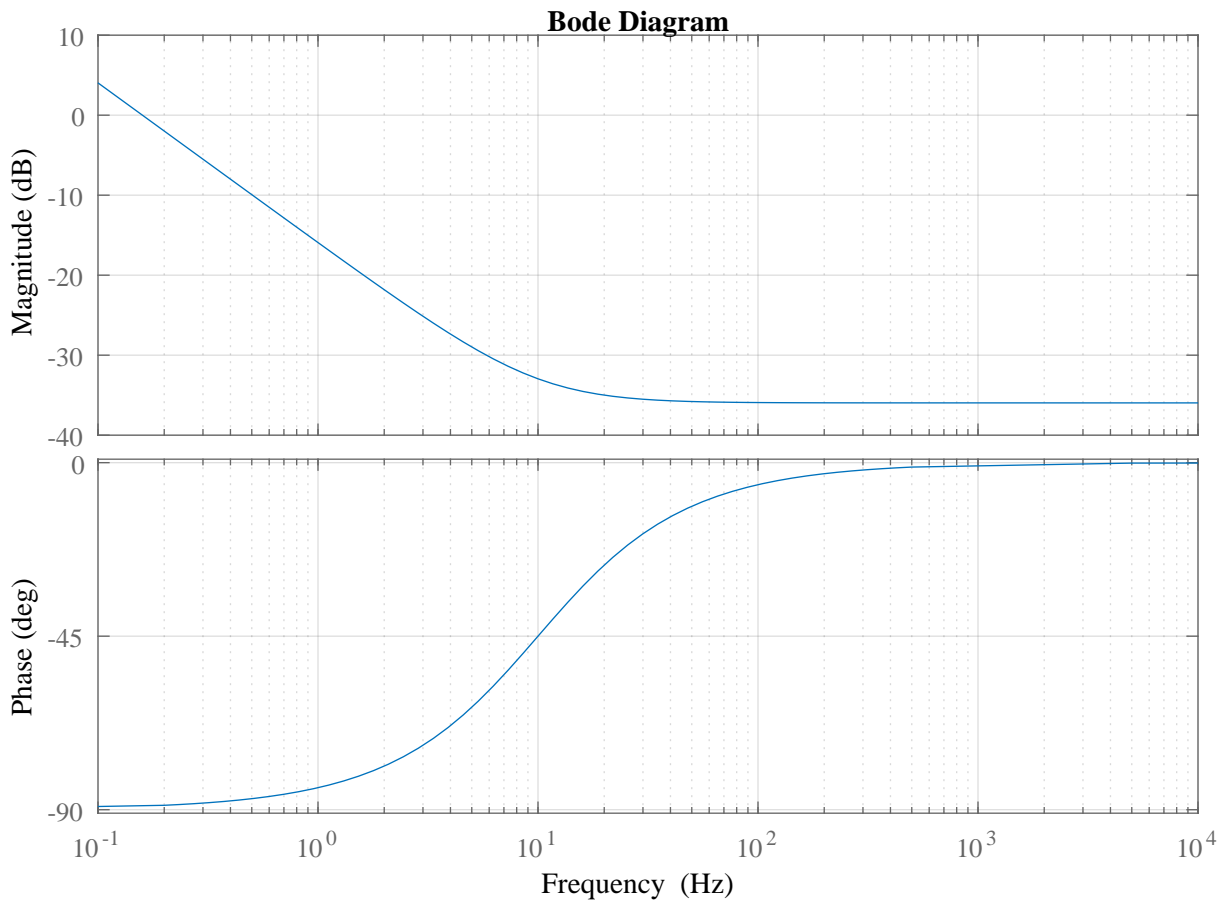


$$H(s) = \frac{s + 62.83}{62.83s} = \frac{\frac{s}{62.83} + 1}{s} \quad (11)$$

Note one zero and a pole at the origin.

$$|H(j\omega)| = \left| \frac{\frac{j\omega}{62.83} + 1}{j\omega} \right| = \frac{\left| \frac{j\omega}{62.83} + 1 \right|}{|j\omega|} = \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{62.83}\right)^2 + 1^2}}{\omega} = 20 \log_{10} \left(\sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{62.83}\right)^2 + 1^2} \right) - 20 \log_{10}(\omega) \quad (12)$$

$$\angle H(j\omega) = \angle \left(\frac{\frac{j\omega}{62.83} + 1}{j\omega} \right) = \frac{\angle \left(\frac{j\omega}{62.83} + 1 \right)}{\angle(j\omega)} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{62.83} \right) - 90^\circ \quad (13)$$



$$H(s) = \frac{\frac{s}{6.283} + 1}{s \left(\frac{s}{6.283} + 1 \right)} \quad (14)$$

$$|H(j\omega)| = \frac{\left| \frac{j\omega}{6.283} + 1 \right|}{|j\omega| \left| \frac{j\omega}{6.283} + 1 \right|} = \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right)^2 + 1^2}}{\omega \sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right)^2 + 1^2}} = 20 \log_{10} \left(\sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right)^2 + 1^2} \right) - 20 \log_{10} \left(\omega \sqrt{\left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right)^2 + 1^2} \right) \quad (15)$$

$$\angle H(j\omega) = \frac{\angle \left(\frac{j\omega}{6.283} + 1 \right)}{\angle(j\omega) \angle \left(\frac{j\omega}{6.283} + 1 \right)} = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right) - 90^\circ - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega}{6.283} \right) \quad (16)$$

